

Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXIII.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1834.

NO. 3782.

Newport Mercury.

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WM. & J. H. BARBER,
No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

TERMS.

Two Dollars per annum.—\$1 in advance.
No paper discontinued (unless at the
direction of the Editors) until arrears are
paid. Single papers to be had at the
Office only, carriers not being authorized to
dispose of them.

Terms of Advertising.—Advertisements not
exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for
\$1 and 17 cents for each subsequent inser-
tion.—All Advertisements, (except where an
account is open) must be paid for previous
to insertion.

School-Books, &c.

Wm. & J. H. Barber,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
SCHOOL-BOOKS of every kind in
use in Town and Country consist-
ing of Geographies of every kind, viz.
Olney's, Cummings, Woodbridge's and
Morris's do.;—Colburn's Arithmetic
Smith's and Murray's Grammar;—Al-
den's, Webster's, Murray's and Cum-
mings's Spelling-Books, &c. &c.

Writing Paper from \$20 to \$3 per
ream: Letter Do. of various kinds
A L S O,

ACCOUNT BOOKS,
Of every description, and price.
Nov. 6, 1833.

Dr. DAVID KING, Jun.
RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional
services to the Public.—Office
at No. 7, Pelham Street.
Newport, August 30.

NOTICE,
THE TAFE and CALICO Trade, as
carried on this Town, having now
arrived to a *Starving* concern,

TILLEY,
in order (if possible) to ward off the
hideous malady, is obliged to resort to
other means for a support, and has con-
nected the

H A T,
With the DRY GOODS Trade.
JUST OPENED,
Superb SATTIN BEAVERS—Elegant Bear-
ers, and an Assortment of
Common HATS.
His motto is "CHEAP."
TILLEY has a complete Assortment of
BONNETS.

THE Brig EAGLE, now
lying at Sayer's Wharf,
hathen 98 56 95ths Tons,
carries 800 bbls. & 6 years old,
can be fitted for sea at a little expense.
For terms, apply to
ALLEN D'WOLF, or
JOSHUA SAYER.
Newport, Sept. 6.

FARM, FOR SALE,

THE FARM, next adjoin-
ing the South-west end
of the Island, about 3 miles
from the compact part of the
Town, containing Three Hundred and
Four Acres of land, with a large and
convenient two story Dwelling House,
containing 4 rooms on the lower floor,
one of which is 15 by 17 feet, and two of
17 by 20; five chambers on the 2d story,
and a large Barn, crib, sheds, ice house,
&c. &c.—It has an excellent sea weed
privilege, is bounded on the west by the
entrance of the Harbor, which affords
fine fishing ground, &c.—For terms,
apply to S. F. GARDNER.
Newport, Sept. 6.

For Sale.

THE ESTATE of the Sub-
scriber in Newport, con-
sisting of a House and Lot, in
which he now resides, on the Hill, in
Mill street, between the residence of
Gov. Gibbs, and Mrs. Gilhat.—The
House is in good repair, with a fine well
of water and outhouses, and is eligible
for a gentleman's summer residence, or
for a Boarding-House, being in the most
airy and fashionable section of the town.
ALSO, The Rope-Walk, back of the
Town, on the road leading to the beach,
for many years used and occupied by
the Subscriber, with all necessary
machinery, implements, &c. for carrying
on the Rope-making business.—A full
title, in fee simple, will be given. For
terms, &c. apply to
EDWARD BRINLEY.
Newport, August 30.

HEAVY Broadcloths and Cassimeres
just received and for Sale Cheap.
TILLEY'S.

FOR SALE,

And Possession given immediately,
A PLEASANTLY situated
two-story HOUSE and Lot
of Land in William-street, formerly the
property of Thomas Greene dec.—
For terms, &c. apply to the Subscriber,
on the premises.

JOSEPH F. HAVENS.
Newport, Sept. 27.

Assessors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the
Subscribers were appointed in legal
Town Meeting, held on the 3d of June last,
to assess a Tax of EIGHT THOUSAND DOL-
LARS on the rateable property in the town
of Newport, to be collected and paid into
the Town Treasury on or before the first
day of December next. We therefore call
upon all persons interested, to give in to
either of us, a list of their Rateable Es-
tates, on or before the 8th day of Oct. next.
THOMAS BUSH, } Assessors.
GEORGE ENGS, }
N. B. HAMMETT, }

Newport, Sept. 27, 1834.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been ap-
pointed Administrator on the Es-
tate of ELIZABETH CORNELL,
late of Portsmouth, single woman, dec.,
and having given bonds as the law di-
rects, he therefore requests all persons
having any demands, to present the
same for settlement, and those indebted,
to make immediate payment to
GEORGE BROWNELL, Adm'r.
Portsmouth, Sept. 20, 1834.

Executor's Notice.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice
That he has been duly appointed
Executor to the last Will and Testa-
ment of

PHILIP SMITH,
late of Middletown, dec. by giving bond
as the law directs.—He therefore re-
quests all persons indebted to said Es-
tate, to make immediate payment, and
those having any demands thereon, to
exhibit the same for settlement to
WILLIAM SMITH, Executor.
Middletown Sept. 20, 1834.

MADEIRA WINE.

FINEST Old London Particular Ma-
deira WINE, brand of J. Howard
March & Co. in Pipes, half Pipes, and
Qr Casks, imported per brig Sea Bird,
and for Sale by
GEORGE ENGS.
Newport, Sept. 13.

Mr. Hunter's Estate,

IN WASHINGTON-STREET.
THE offers of purchasers not
being as yet adequate to its
value—especially with a view to the
prospective rise of Real Estate in New-
port, and particularly of this Estate.—
It is now offered to be Let or Leased.—
For terms, apply without loss of time, to
WILLIAM HUNTER.
Newport, Sept. 20.

FOR SALE.

34 SHARES in the ARCADE BANK
in Providence.—Apply to
WM. LOVIE.
Newport, Sept. 20.

Remedy for Wry Faces.

W. R. NOYES'
METALLIC PASTE AND STRAP,
Supervising the necessity of a home for
sharpening Razors, Scissors, Sargens'
Instruments, Penknives, &c.

THE above Strap and Paste is highly re-
commended to the public by a number of
scientific and professional gentlemen, who
have carefully compared it with those now in
general use, and have pronounced it worthy
the particular attention of Surgeons, Man-
agers, and every gentleman who shaves himself.

CERTIFICATES.

This may certify, that I have used for the
last two years Noyes' Metallic Paste Strap
and think, Mr. N. fortunate in the choice of
material and in the construction of his Straps.
Therefore I have no hesitation in recom-
mending them to the public as a good article, and
as well calculated to supersede the necessity
of a house, as any that ever came under my in-
spection.

WALTER FOLGER.

Nantucket, July, 1833.

I have read the above certificate of the
Hon. Walter Folger, relative to Mr. Noyes'
Metallic Paste Strap, and I have no hesita-
tion in subscribing to its contents. I would also add,
that I have used one of said straps for the last
four years without any additional paste, and
it is now superior to any I ever used.

JAMES FALES.

We have for some time past used Noyes'
Metallic Paste Strap, and are well convinced
of its superiority, both for setting a delicate
edge and preserving the instrument bright, and
cordially recommend it as a good article and
deserving of patronage.

THOMAS E. GAGE, M. D.

FRYER HOSKINS, M. D.

New Bedford, July 26th 1833.

For Sale, at this Office.

TO LET,

THE Large and convenient
Dwelling-House in Spring
Street, recently occupied by Robert
Johnston, Esq.—For terms, apply to
DAVID KING.
Newport, August 23.

FOR SALE,

THE four story BRICK
STORE, and Lot, cor-
ner of Thames and Pelham
Streets, substantially built, with a new
Roof placed on it last year.—For terms,
apply to N. G. BOSS.
Newport, August 9.

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THE Stockholders of this Bank are
hereby notified, That their Annual
Meeting for the choice of Directors, will
be held at their Banking Room on
MONDAY, the 6th day of October next,
at 4 o'clock P. M.

Also, That a Dividend of Three Dol-
lars or a Share will be paid on and after
the first Wednesday of October next, to
such persons as by the books of the
Bank are Stockholders on the 30th inst.
By order of the Board,
CHARLES GYLES, Cashier.
Newport, Sept. 18.

FOR SALE.

HAT Valuable ESTATE
in Thames Street, next
south of the Brick-market.—
It is one of the best stands in
Newport for almost any kind of busi-
ness.—For terms which will be liberal,
apply to JONATHAN T. ALMY of the
Subscriber. SAMUEL WATSON.
Newport, Aug. 9.

New-York and Boston Steam Boat Company.

Fare from NEWPORT, \$5 and found.



ARRANGEMENT FOR SEPTEMBER

MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, AND FRIDAYS.

THE solid Steam-Packets PRES-
IDENT, Capt. E. S. BURKE, and
BENJ. FRANKLIN, Capt. R. B. COL-
MAN, will leave on the following days:

Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.
Monday, Sept. 1	Wednesday, Sept. 4
Friday, 5	Monday, 8
Wednesday, 12	Friday, 15
Monday, 19	Wednesday, 22
Friday, 26	Monday, 29

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.
Monday, Sept. 4	Monday, Sept. 1
Friday, 8	Friday, 5
Wednesday, 12	Wednesday, 12
Monday, 19	Monday, 19
Friday, 26	Friday, 26

The Boats will leave Providence at
12 M. Newport at 2 P. M. and New-York
at 4 P. M.
Sept. 2, 1834.

Arrangement for SEPT'R.

Fare from NEWPORT, \$5, and found.



THE Steamer BOSTON, Capt. Wm
Goss, and the Steamer PRO-
VIDENCE, Capt. SETH THAYER, will
continue running in the following order.

Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.
Tuesday, Sept. 2	Thursday, Sept. 4
Saturday, 6	Tuesday, 9
Thursday, 13	Saturday, 16
Tuesday, 20	Thursday, 23
Saturday, 27	Tuesday, 30

BOSTON.

Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.
Thursday, Sept. 4	Tuesday, Sept. 4
Tuesday, 9	Saturday, 6
Saturday, 13	Thursday, 11
Thursday, 20	Tuesday, 18
Tuesday, 27	Saturday, 25

The Boats will leave Providence at 12
o'clock M.; Newport at 2 P. M.; and New-
York at 4 P. M.—The above Boats are pro-
pelled by low pressure Engines, and heavy
copper boilers.
Sept. 2, 1834.

CLOTHS for Ladies Cloaks, in Vari- ety and Cheap, at TILLEY'S.

TILLEY has just received a complete
Assortment of Cottons.

A Assortment of Woolen GOODS.
Just opened at TILLEY'S.

A NEW ARTICLE in the Bonnet trade
Just received at TILLEY'S.

POETRY.

From the London Christian Observer
HYMN TO THE CREATOR
BY LORD CHANCELLOR PRITCHAM.

The following Hymn to the Creator was
composed, with appropriate music, by the
present Lord Chancellor:

"There is a God," all nature cries:
A thousand tongues proclaim
His arm almighty, Mind all-wise,
And bid each voice in chorus rise
To magnify His name.

Thy name great Nature's Size Divine,
Assiduous, we adore;
Rejecting godheads at whose shrine
Benighted nations blood and wine
In vain libations pour.

Yon endless worlds in boundless space—
Myriads of miles each hour,
Thy mighty orbs as curious trace,
As the blue circle stud's the face
Of that enamell'd flower.

But Thou to mid'st that floweret gay
To glitter in the dawn;
The flood that fired the lamp of day,
The blazing comet launched away,
Painted the velvet lawn.

"As falls a sparrow to the ground,
Obedient to Thy will;"
By the same law those globes wheel round,
Each drawing nigh, yet still found
In one eternal system bound
One order to fulfil.

HUSH, SWEET, HUSH!

Adapted to the air of "The Southern Breeze."

BY THOMAS MOORE.

I've a secret to tell thee, but hush! and here—
Oh! not where the world its vigil keeps,
I'll seek to whisper it in thine ear,
Some shrouded in the spirit of silence sleeps:
Where summer's wave upon log dies,
No lay can hear the fountain's gush:
Where, if a note be night bird right,
The rose with chiding him, "Hush, sweet,
hush!"

There, amid the deep silence of that hour,
When stars can be heard in ocean dip,
Thyself shall utter some sweet power,
Sit mute, with thy finger on the lip:
Like him, the boy, who, born among
The flowers that on the Nile stream blush,
Sits ever thus—his only song
To earth and heav'n still—Hush, all hush!"

CAPITAL TRIAL.

The Supreme Court, consisting of
Chief Justice Shaw, and Judges White
and Putnam, held a special session, in
Springfield, last week, principally for
the trial of two capital offences. The
first was that of Moses Elliot, aged about
12 years, charged with the murder of
Josiah Buckland, aged about 13, by
shooting him with a pistol, on the 5th
day of April last. Josiah died on the
5th day after the occurrence: the ball
entered his left breast and came out at
the back.

The testimony in detail, would occu-
py several columns. We can only give
the substance, as near as we can collect
from memory. On the part of the
Government, it was shown that the
boys had formed the plan to run away
together, to which Josiah said he was
prompted by Moses; that they fired at a
mark on Saturday morning near the
house of Mr. Buckland, and soon after
went away together towards the "hop
house" in the field, to continue their
fringe. Nothing more was seen or
known of either, till between 12 and 1
o'clock, when Moses ran past the house
of Josiah in Walnut street, without
saying anything to her. He was next
seen going from his father's in the di-
rection of the hop house, with a spade
with which he said he was going to dig
worms, although there was no evidence
of his going a fishing. He afterwards
played ball with two boys, to whom he
said he had sold a pistol to a fellow
down street. In the evening as Josiah
had not returned, and his father hearing
he had run away with Moses, went to
the house of Mr. Elliot (Moses's father)
for information. He there found Moses,
who told him Josiah had run off to Bos-
ton, and said nothing of the occurrence
of shooting him. Sunday morning Josiah's
elder brother (Waiter), being in
pursuit of him, saw Moses coming from
the "hop house," who told Waiter he
had been to the hop house, and that Josiah
was not there—that his clothes
were under the steps, and he must have
gone to Boston. Upon being urged he
went back with Waiter to the spot. On
the step the rammer was found, and
near by on the ground the pistol, which
Waiter gave to Moses, and requested
him to help continue the search for Josiah,
which Moses declined, saying he
must go home and go to meeting. Soon
after Waiter found Josiah near a fence,
almost exhausted with the loss of blood
and cold; and he had been shot by Mo-
ses, and that he had lain under the hop
house steps during the night on his
clothes. He was taken home by his
brother and two men, (in a wagon)
who were passing at the time.

The dying declarations of Josiah, re-
given by several witnesses, were in sub-
stance, that he and Moses went out to
the "hop house" to fire at a mark—that
both fired several times—that when Josiah
put out the mark by request of Mo-
ses, the latter would fire so quick that
Josiah could hear the balls whistle by
his head—that he told Moses if he did
not wait for him to get out of the way
he would not put up the mark; that they
had some talk about dividing Josiah's
clothes. Moses wanted the best suit,
which Josiah was unwilling to give, but
that no hard words passed between
them and he did not know what Moses
shot him for. That they went to the
hop house steps to fire again; that Mo-
ses threw away the rammer and told Josiah
to pick it up—in doing which Josiah
shot him. Moses came and said have
I kill'd you? to which Josiah replied,
you have shot me, and now help me
home, or go and tell mother;—which
Moses refused, and ran off fast. This
took place about 12 o'clock.

In the defence, it was stated that from
the place of the wound, the position of
the parties, and the circumstances of the
case, the discharge of the pistol must
have been accidental; that the shot
could not have been given in the manner
described by Josiah; that Moses ran off
and refrained from disclosing the trans-
action in consequence of fright natural
to a boy so young; that the falsehood he
told, in reference to the "spade"—a Josiah's
father in the evening—to the boys
about selling the pistol—and to Waiter
Buckland the next morning, were also
the result of boyish fright. That the
dying declarations of Josiah were not
entitled to credit, because, in the opinion
of the physicians, he was insane, al-
though it was granted he had lucid in-
tervals, and his mother and other wit-
nesses testified to his sanity.

The cause was explained on the part
of the Commonwealth, by Attorney
General Austin, and District Attorney
Baker, with their usual great ability.
The prisoner was ably defended by G.
B. Moore and Geo. Ashmun Esqrs.
The Attorney General had never before
addressed a jury in this county, and the
high opinion which we have formed of
his eloquence and mental powers, was
fully realized.

The jury being out about two hours
retained with a verdict of not guilty—
and the boy was immediately restored
to his afflicted parents.

The trial commenced Wednesday
morning, and terminated on Friday. It
excited great interest, and it is for this
reason we have attempted a summary
of the evidence. It is believed that the
criminal annals of our State, and per-
haps of the country, do not present an-
other instance of the trial of murder of a
boy so young.—Springfield Republican.

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boy so young.—Springfield Republican.

Of Mr. Jefferson, he did not speak
highly, either as a moralist or a poli-
tician, and said he was not a practical
statesman. "his political measures, be-
ing about as wise as the choice of his
residence, which he had placed on
the top of a mountain, and ever after
had to go a mile for water."

DEPTH OF THE OCEAN.—The depth
of the ocean is a point that has puzzled
like philosophers and practical men,
and is after all left in the wide field of
conjecture. The most probable guide is
analogy, and the wisest men, judging
by this criterion, have presumed that
the depth of the sea may be meas-
ured by the height of mountains, the
highest of which are between 20,000
and 30,000 feet. The greatest depth
that has been tried to be measured, is
that found in the northern ocean by
Lord Mulgrave. He lowered out a very
heavy sounding line and gave out along
with it a crane rope to the length of
4800 feet, without finding bottom.

SNOW.—We learn, says the Boston
Gazette, by a gentleman from the White
Mountains, that there was a heavy fall
of snow in that vicinity, a week ago last
Thursday night, and for several morn-
ings afterwards the snow was in abun-
dant quantities.

Latest Foreign Intelligence.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.

LIFE FROM EUROPE.

The Packet ship *Napoleon*, arrived yesterday from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 23d of August. Our Liverpool and London papers are of the 23d inclusive. They are exceedingly barren of intelligence.

With the adjournment of Parliament, the "man of note" had quitted the Metropolis for the sports of the country, and the fashionable ease of retirement. All was tranquil in the three kingdoms.

Parliament, it is said, will not be called together until the end of next January, and that all the great Ministerial measures will be laid before the House soon after its assembling.

A company is in the course of formation for the construction of a railway from London to Norwich.

Medical men we regret to learn, concur in stating that there is more sickness at this time in London, than has been at any preceding period of the year.

The Queen had returned to Germany from her visit to Holland and Germany.

THE SLAVE TRADE.—On the 14th of June, H. M. brig *Charybdis*, captured a large brig called the *Tamara*, under Portuguese colors, in the Bight of Benue, with 414 slaves on board, with which she proceeded to Sierra Leone.

MONT PELAGE.—The summit of Mont Blanc was reached on the 18th ult., by two travellers from Savoy, who in their descent were enveloped in a storm so tremendous that they nearly perished of cold and exhaustion.

On Monday, the 18th of August, the working builders struck throughout the metropolis, rather than sign a declaration required by the masters, that they do not and will not belong to the Trades Union societies. The masters are resolved to persevere.

CHOLERA IN DUBLIN.—The authorities of the city have been compelled to re-open the Metropolitan Hospital at Grange-Gorman lane, for the reception of cholera patients. No less than one hundred and fifty eight new cases in the city were announced on the 16th of Aug. One of these was a poor woman who expired on the footpath in Marlborough street, having been refused all ingress by the frightened inmates of the houses in whose vicinity she was seized with the symptoms of this dreadful disorder. Accounts from Castlebar, county of Mayo, speak of the speed with which sufferers are now carried off there with astonishment. The physicians say, that the attacks of this season much more resemble the Asiatic cholera than those of 1832.

The Bordeaux papers of the 18th August, contain some further accounts from Spain, relating, however, principally to the movement of the adverse parties at a period anterior to the intelligence received by telegraph. The following is the only paragraph worth extracting:—

"The war continues to be marked by deplorable ferocity, not to speak of the fusillades of the people by order of Zumalacaregui. This chief, for the purpose of punishing the little town of Valcarlos for its refusal to aid his party, has ordered the authorities to pay him a sum of 24,000*l.*, or four muskets for each male inhabitant. Determined not to comply with these conditions and dreading that the town would be set on fire, as had been threatened, they have adopted the plan of transferring all their valuable property to the frontier, even to the doors and windows of their houses. After having taken this precaution the Alcald wrote to the chief of the rebels, that he might come, adding that he would not only be received by musket balls, but that the convent of Roncesvalles would be burnt in retaliation. Within three few days Zumalacaregui has ordered three of his officers to be shot for having attempted to induce his soldiers in favor of Riscal. It is said that the young men of Riscal are well disposed to the Queen, and offer to enter into her service. To complete the measures of surveillance, the object of which is to prevent the supply of arms or ammunition to the Spanish Carlists, although English and French consuls are established on the coast of Biscay orders have been given for the arrest of two companies of the 44th de La Peste and to Bayan."

GERMANY.

The Frankfurt Correspondent contains the following of the 17th August:— "The general affairs of Germany excite no more attention here, and the presence of foreign troops takes away all interest from the debates and elections of our Bundestag. Since Austria and Prussia have taken us under their protection, we are no longer a free city, independent state. The debates of the Germanic Confederation will soon present great interest. The presence of minister of Hesse Cassel to appeal to the Diet relative to the schism between the Government and the States, proves that the Congress of Vienna has de facto abolished all the existing constitutions. We no longer require the publication of the resolutions of the Congress. The fact that the two greatest of Germanic Powers, declared enemies, should make themselves

judges between a representative Chamber and a federal Government is utterly at variance with the law of nations, and evidently shows a determination to trample under foot the acquired rights of the people. We shall see how far the submission of the latter will extend. Whatever may be the result, the Opposition members of Cassel have discharged their duty. Let the other German States be the same, or if they will bear the yoke let them not complain for they deserve it."

The Government of Hesse Darmstadt has expressed a very decided opinion against the freedom of the press demanded by the Chambers, and has published a somewhat elaborate exposition of the motives which induce it to come to this conclusion. It founds its views on the interpretation which it gives to the 18th article of the Act of Federation, and denies that it promises unlimited freedom of the press, and particularly of a press without regulations and without a censorship.

INSURRECTION IN SYRIA.

The *Anglo-Syrian Gazette* of the 17th inst., has the following from Constantinople of July 28:—"The insurrection in Syria assumes a most serious aspect. Ibrahim Pacha will have difficulty in maintaining his ground in that province. The greater part of the population, especially in the mountains of Libanus, is in movement. He is endeavoring to concentrate his forces in order to put an end to the insurrection at one blow; but the Druses are a warlike people, who will oppose a stronger resistance than he met with on the part of the Porte in Nafolia. The Porte, although aware of what is going on, remains inactive, and seems to be waiting the result. The news that the Viceroy has caused some regiments to be embarked for Syria, and will repair thither in person, has caused a powerful sensation here. All the Faubourg of Pera is in movement, and couriers depart in every direction. The maintenance of the occupation of Syria is a vital question for Mehmet Ali. If he should lose the province, there is an end to his projects of aggrandizement and his independence. It must be confessed that he possesses great means for maintaining his ground, but whether he conquers or not, he must abandon the line of policy which he has hitherto pursued—He must cease to treat his new subjects as slaves."

It is supposed that the intrigues of the European Powers are at the bottom of these events. The Ambassadors of England and France are struck with them, and are watching their progress. The Porte has evidently regained confidence, and the intrigues of the Divan, which sought to detach it from Russia, are more and more neutralized. The Sultan often repeats his favorite saying—"I know what I have at present, but I know not what I should have if I listened to those who would detach me from Russia. I prefer the certain to the uncertain. I find a friend in Nicholas, but I know not what I could expect from the friendship of those who offer it to me."

RUSSIA.

DREADEFUL CONFLAGRATION.—Tula, one of the largest, handsomest, and most populous Russian provincial capitals, was desolated on the 11th of July, by a dreadful conflagration. Nine churches, 670 private buildings, and numerous manufactories, markets and magazines were reduced to ashes. Many thousand inhabitants have lost all their property. The Emperor has given 190,000 roubles to relieve their wants.

ALGIERS.

A despatch of Aug. 8th, from Gen. Voirol at Algiers, states that the country never enjoyed greater tranquility. Complete peace and security extend to the foot of the Atlas. The mountain tribes even feel the advantage of the dominion of the French, and seek to live on good terms with them. The town of Medeah and the tribes of Titteri, have misunderstandings among themselves, but both are anxious to have the French in that district. The town of Medeah seeks protection against the Bey of Constantine, whose threats keep it in a state of alarm. The sanitary state of the country is satisfactory.

A despatch from Gen. De-michels, dated Oran, 5th Aug. announces the change of the garrison of Mostaganem. Some sick and the baggage were conveyed by wagons furnished by the tribe of the Hachems, who were formerly the most inveterate enemies of the French, in the direction of Mostaganem. The troops marched a distance of 25 leagues in perfect safety. A despatch of the 5th Aug. from Gen. d'Uzer, at Bona, communicates a fresh proof of the favorable disposition of the tribes towards the French. Two or three of those which are hostile having attempted to cut off their communications with the territory of the Anled Oasis, at ten leagues from Bona, the latter and other friendly tribes fell suddenly upon the hostile ones, and the latter, being surprised in their ambush, were completely beaten, and had several killed, and made prisoners. They also lost a dozen horses. This event is represented as the more fortunate, as the service of the Arabs was spontaneous.

GREECE.

Its appearance from the elaborate correspondence of a London paper, that

Russian intrigue is very active in Greece, and that sometime must elapse before the throne of Otho can be so firmly established as to ensure that unsettled people the benefits of a stable and good government. The same paper contains the act of accusation and sentence of death upon Colocotroni and Coliopolis, in respect to whose trial an explanatory note of considerable length has been addressed to the Ministers of foreign Powers resident in Greece.

VERY LATE FROM BUENOS AIRES.

The brig *Brazen*, Captain Raines, at Baltimore on Saturday morning, in a very short passage from the River Plate brings Buenos Ayres advices as late as the 10th of last month, the day of her sailing. The editors of the American have a file of the Buenos Ayres Packet to the 9th August inclusive.

Montevideo papers of the 5th state, that a party of the oriental troops had been surprised by Commandant Santana; but it was generally supposed that the misunderstanding occasioned by the late incursion made from the Brazilian frontier, would be amicably arranged.

CHILE.—The advices over land, from Valparaiso are to the 15th June. The Congress had assembled at Santiago on the 5th of the same month, to whom the customary Message of the President of the Republic of Chili was read. It offers congratulations that another year of domestic peace had passed, which had not been for a moment interrupted, notwithstanding the machinations of a few discontented individuals; that the best understanding prevails with the Sister Republics; and although no accounts had been received of the exchange of ratification of the treaty between the Chilean Republic and that of the United States of North America, yet there was every reason to believe it had taken place.—That part of the Message which relates to Great Britain, is as follows:—

"The Government of Great Britain has given full powers to their Consul-General in Chili, to celebrate a treaty of friendship, navigation and commerce with this Republic; and I am sure that you, and all the Chilean nation, participate with me in the fervent wish to form the best understanding with that enlightened and powerful nation, which may be beneficial to both parties."

The Message states that the working of the mines proceeds most prosperously; that the laboratories which exist are insufficient to contain the rich and abundant metallic produce of the province of Coquimbo.

PERU.—The civil war still continued in Peru, but no particulars of moment are furnished. General Nieto had retired to Arica in order to place that town in a state of defence. Some apprehensions were entertained as to the security of foreign property in the port of Arica; but the general opinion was that it would be respected, as it had been in the other parts of Peru, and that there was no real motive for alarm.

TUCUMAN.—Accounts from the interior of the Argentine Republic state that an attempt had been made to create a revolution in Tucuman, which was to have taken place on the 22d June last. It was however discovered, and most of the principal conspirators arrested.

BY MAILS.

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 30.

THE DRAGONS.—We are glad to learn that official advices have reached the War Department, stating the return of Col. Dodge and his command from the expedition they have been engaged in, after the successful accomplishment of the object in view. The result will be highly important to the frontier, and it is to be hoped it will receive its permanent tranquility from the predatory incursions of those wandering tribes, heretofore only known to us by the injuries they committed. This is the first time our troops have been brought into contact with them, and every one will rejoice, that the meeting has been bloodless, and that there is every prospect of future tranquility. Col. Dodge deserves great credit for his prudence and firmness.

The accounts state, that Colonel Dodge, with six companies of that regiment, left Camp Leavenworth, about 180 miles West of Fort Gibson, on the 7th of July. On the 14th, about one hundred miles further West, they met a party of mounted Camanches, about forty or fifty in number. The Indians were somewhat alarmed, but evinced a disposition to be friendly; and after an interview, expressed a wish that the troops should go with them to their camp, which was about two days' journey off. They stated that the Kiowas, Camanches, and the band called Pawnee Picks, (but more properly, Toyashes,) were friendly, and, to a certain degree, allies—similar in character, and mingled so as to be much the same people in all respects, except in language. The Camanches being much the largest band, and characterized by their pride and daring, Colonel Dodge determined to make them a visit. Accordingly, he repaired to their camp, where he saw only about one hundred mounted Camanches, their Chief being absent at the time with a hunting party.—This camp contained upwards of two hundred skin lodges; and herds of horses, not less than three thousand, were grazing round it. The men rode good horses, and were well armed with bow, arrow, and lance, and carried shields made of buffalo hides. The command next proceeded to the Toyash village, a distance of about eighty miles, where they arrived on the 21st of July. The sick having retarded the march to such a degree (many being obliged to be carried on litters) that it was

deemed prudent to leave them on the route, under a sufficient guard, about seven miles from the Camanche's camp. The Toyash village is situated on a branch of the Red river, and consists of about two hundred grass lodges, many of which were thirty feet high, and forty feet diameter. The cornfields were well cultivated, neatly enclosed, and very extensive.

As these Indians were rather tardy in making arrangements to receive our troops, it was presumed that they had either fled, or were determined to fight. Preparations were accordingly made for a conflict—which, however, proved unnecessary; for, when they did appear, it was with considerable alarm; and as the troops approached the village, they begged the commander not to fire on them. This tribe is chiefly armed with bow and arrow. Col. Dodge held a council at this village with the Camanches, Toyashes and Kiowas, amounting in all to about two thousand men, and told them that he had come to meet them as friends, and to make peace with them, and secure peace between them and the Ojegas, Cherokees, Delawares, Senecas, and Choctaws. He demanded the surrender of Judge Martin's son, who had been captured by the Toyashes, and information as to Abby, a white man who had also been captured, and offered, in exchange for the boy, a Pawnee girl whom he had brought with him. The Chief delivered up the boy, but said that the Texas Camanches, who live near St. Antonio in Mexico, had captured Abby, and carried him over the Red river, and there killed him. A friendly intercourse was interchanged between the Camanches and Toyashes, and the new Ojegas, Cherokees, Delawares, and Senecas, who had accompanied the expedition for the purpose of serving as guides, hunters, and interpreters, and ensuring a friendly intercourse between their nations and the Pawnees. Col. Dodge, after delivering to their parents the two Indian girls who had been captured by the Ojegas, commenced his return to Camp Leavenworth, where he had left the greater portion of his sick. The command arrived at Fort Gibson on the 15th of August, bringing with them several of the Chiefs of the different tribes, who had been induced to make a visit to their great Father at Washington.

In returning from the Toyash village to Fort Gibson, herds of Buffalo were encountered almost daily—on one occasion they broke through the columns on the march. At another time the camp was alarmed in the evening by the cry of "Secure your horses from the Buffalo." A herd was rushing upon the camp, around which the horses had been picketed, and had approached to within two hundred yards, when the mounted sentinels succeeded in changing their direction, thus saving the camp from what is termed a stampede.

We understand an interesting Diary of the Expedition has been transmitted, which will be copied for publication—*Globe*.

POPULAR ERRORS IN MEDICINE.

BY AN EDINBURGH PHYSICIAN.

Many people put great faith in the wholesomeness of eating only one dish at dinner. They suppose that the mixture of substances prevents easy digestion.—They would not eat fish and flesh, fowl and beef, animal food and vegetables.—This seems a plausible notion, but daily practice shows its absurdity. What dinner sits easier on the stomach than a slice of roast or boiled mutton, and carrots or turneps, and the indispensable potato? What man ever felt the worse for a lot of cod or turbot, followed by a beef steak, or a slice of roast beef and pudding? In short, a variety of whole, some food does not seem incompatible at meals, if one do not eat too much—here the error lies.

It is a common practice with bathers, after having walked on a hot day to the sea-side, to sit down on the cold damp rocks till they cool before going into the water. This is quite erroneous. Never go into the water if ever fatigued, or after profuse and long continued perspiration, but always prefer plunging in while warm, strong and vigorous, and even with the first drops of perspiration on your brow. There is no fear of sudden transitions from heat to cold being fatal. Many nations run from the hot bath, and plunge naked in the snow. What is to be feared is sudden cold after exhaustion of the body, and while the animal powers are not sufficient to produce a reaction or recovery of the animal heat.

Many people so laud early rising as would lead on to suppose that sleep was one of those lazy sluggish and bad practices, that the sooner the custom was abolished the better. Sleep is as necessary to man as food, and as some do with one third of food that others absolutely require, so five hours sleep is amply sufficient for one, while another requires seven or eight hours. Some men cannot by any possibility sleep longer. No man should be taunted for sleeping eight hours if he can.

Many people do not eat salt with their food, and the fair sex have a notion that this substance darkens the complexion. Salt seems essential for the health of every human being, more especially in moist climates. Without salt the body becomes infested with intestinal worms. The case of a lady is mentioned in a medical journal, who had a natural antipathy to salt, and never used it with her food; the consequence was, she became dreadfully infested with these animals. A punishment once existed in Holland, by which criminals were denied the use of salt; the same consequence followed with these wretched beings. We rather think a prejudice exists with some of giving little or no salt to children.—No practice can be more cruel or absurd.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,
SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 4.

By arrivals at New York, London papers to the 23d of August have been received, seven days later than our former advices.

A great meeting of the holders of Spanish stocks, was held at London, on the 21st, which was attended by most of the principal capitalists and merchants of the city, who agreed upon a memorial to the government of Spain, against the project for reducing the National debt, by which the rights of individuals would be seriously affected.

The French Chambers were prorogued on the 16th of August.

We regret to perceive that the cholera has made its appearance in Philadelphia. The bill of mortality for last week announces 131 deaths, of which twelve were by cholera.

ACCIDENT. On Thursday last, an Irish laborer named Michael Quin, while employed in blasting rocks at Fort Adams, was so severely injured by an explosion as to render the amputation of his right arm necessary.

We must ask the indulgence of our readers, as to the appearance of this Paper for a few weeks.—We are about to make a new arrangement in our business, which when completed we intend the *Mercury* shall be enlarged and printed on a new type.

NEW PARTIES AND NEW PAPERS.

It is but too common in this country, to attempt to organize eccentric political parties and to establish supernumerary papers for their champions. Not the least among the evil consequences attending them, is the creation of such unnecessary newspapers, which remain an incubance to the whole community, after the object for which they were established has ceased to exist.—A few individuals, more ardent than wise, may entertain different views on minor points, from the rest of the community. They straightway want a paper. Some scribbler out of employment, is ever ready to mount the editorial chair, to proclaim the new light, and from that moment, Heaven and Earth must be compassed, to keep up the party, or at least, to perpetuate the paper, on which the editor relies for support. All the existing political principles, all the forms of party, all paramount considerations must be surrendered to propitiate the lesser party, and bring them into the political church, or rather the prevailing party must yield to the new fangled faction.

So it is with supernumerary journals in a party where well conducted newspapers already abound, which are as ardent and true to the cause. A few individuals imagine that a new paper is necessary, while the old establishment are.

"Thick as Autumnal leaves in Alambrosia."

A paper is forthwith established, and its editor, like a new broom, attempts to sweep every thing before him like a September gale.

The party is invited to accept the services of the young Hercules,—driving merchants are beset on change, or in their morning counting houses,—nimble traders assailed at all hours, for advertising patronage, and thriving mechanics, manufacturers and artisans are importuned to subscribe for the newspaper. Thus are the whole community taxed to aid in the establishment of a new vehicle of politics and intelligence.

The new machine thus put in motion, it is found that vast expenses are necessary to keep up the steam. The receipts come in slowly, and the disbursements are fast, certain and inevitable.—The establishment becomes a burden to the original proprietors, a burden to their immediate backers,—burdensome to the whole community. There is no prospect for years, that it will become a source of profit to those immediately concerned; it is a constant drawback, to the previously established papers laboring in the same cause. For want of healthy and regular business-like patronage, it is dependent on factitious, precarious and artificial support. Hence arises occasion, for the common-place taunt often but too well founded, that newspapers are "the creatures of party."

If new journals could only be established in proportion to the natural increase of population and business—in short, as often, and no oftener, than the exigency of the times required, there would rarely be occasion for the establishment of new ones. The old establishments are abundantly competent to answer all the ends of public newspapers. Every supernumerary publication is therefore a direct bill of expense to the community.

These remarks are not particularly applicable to this city, but apply equally to every city and large town in the country. The establishment of new journals has become a mania in our land.

Boston Centinel.

THE NEW-YORK MIRROR.—We have received from the publishers a specimen of this valuable work accompanied by a splendid engraving containing the portraits of all the Presidents of the United States, engraved expressly for this work. The well known character of the Mirror renders any commendation of ours unnecessary. We understand that the general Agent will be town in the course of next week, when those who wish to procure this interesting publication, will have an opportunity to subscribe.

FROM THE ALBANY EVENING JOURNAL.
MATHIAS THE PROPHECY.

This notorious individual, whose proper name is Robert Mathias, was arrested in this city on Monday afternoon, upon the authority of an advertisement issued by Mr. Benjamin H. Folger, of the city of New-York. The expressed charge against him was, that he had left New-York having in his possession a large amount of Mr. Folger's property; but he has been guilty, of crimes of the blackest character, and worthy of the most severe punishment.

Mathias commenced his career of fanaticism some two or three years since, in this city, when he proclaimed himself "The Prophet of the God of the Jews," and asserted divine power. He shortly afterwards went to New-York, where he continued to proclaim his doctrines, but with little success at first. He soon, however, secured the favor, among a few other of less consequence, of three wealthy and respected merchants of Pearl-street—These gentlemen received his doctrines in the fullest confidence, and believed him to be all that he declared himself. Their treasures were thrown open to the impostor, and he lavished them upon himself most profusely. He purchased the most costly wardrobe. His robes of office were richly trimmed with gold and silver. He wore a sword of the latest workmanship, and his gold watch and establishment equalled the lustre of the most costly.

The bondage of these gentlemen was complete; and the fact that three intelligent citizens of New-York were thus deluded, will form one of the darkest pages in the whole chapter of modern fanaticism; but the chain with which they were bound is broken.

Death liberated Mr. Pierson, one of his New-York friends. He died in Westchester county, at his country seat, near Sing-Sing, and the event was clothed in mystery. A short time previous to his death, and while in health, as we understand, Mathias prevailed upon Mr. Pierson to assign to him his whole estate. He was shortly after taken sick, and, although his friends who were with him, insisted upon calling medical aid, they were deterred by Mathias, who told them that "he had power of life and death, and Mr. Pierson, would not die." But he did die; and a subsequent examination of the body by three able physicians, resulted in the conviction that he had been poisoned, and certificates to this effect were drawn up and signed by these physicians, and are now in New-York. Who poisoned Mr. Pierson is to be determined by the proper tribunal.

The mysterious death of Mr. Pierson and the accompanying circumstances, shook the confidence of Mr. Folger and his family, and they resolved to abandon Mathias and his principles. After his return to New-York, they announced this determination to the "Prophet," who then declared to them that if they did "sickness and perhaps death, would follow!" This threat was not sufficient to overthrow their resolution, and a day was fixed upon when Mathias should leave the house. Upon the morning of that day, Mathias partook of but very little breakfast, and scarcely tasted the coffee, saying, as an excuse, that he was unwell. Immediately after breakfast, Mr. Folger, his wife and children were taken violently sick. Mr. Folger did not suspect the cause of the sickness until after the villain had left the city; when, upon examination, he learned that the black woman who done the cooking for the family, had also abstained from the use of any coffee, upon that morning, and, from other circumstances, he became convinced that the woman was bribed by Mathias to poison the family. From same cause, the effort was not successful. To none of the family did it prove fatal, although all of them have not yet recovered from its effects. This transaction induced Mr. F. to procure his arrest, for which purpose he despatched the notice before mentioned.

Mathias did not expect thus suddenly to be stopped in his mad career, and expressed a good deal of surprise when arrested. He had in his possession two large trunks, which he acknowledged contained articles which did belong to Mr. Folger, but which, he said, Mr. F. gave to him when he left New-York. Among the articles were sundry rich dresses, worth \$500 in gold, a gold watch about \$150, a sword of great value, and a rod with which he was going to measure the bounds of his paradise, "the gates thereof and the walls thereof." He was taken to New-York this morning.

His trial will unfold strange deeds of crime and fanaticism.

NORFOLK, SEPT. 32.—Shocking Occurrence.—We learn that a man, named Caleb Wood, was killed on Saturday night last, about 10 o'clock, in Portsmouth, by another named George Rudder. The evidence stated that they had supped together at the house of Rudder in the most friendly manner; they afterwards walked out, stopped before the house of a man named Mathews, and seated themselves with him, at his door—Wood on an upper and Rudder on a step below him. No altercation took place, nor did any words of an offensive character pass between them. Suddenly Wood fell, or threw himself backwards, and at the same time gave Rudder a violent kick, when the latter sprang upon and dragging him from the steps, choked him, and gave him several blows in the face. Wood did not speak after falling backwards on the steps. He was carried home and placed on his bed where he expired in a few minutes. Rudder was pursued, taken at St. Helen, near Cedar Grove, and is now in the county jail.

WEST INDIES.—The Editors of the N. York Times have received Bermuda papers to the 16th inst. They do not contain any intelligence of particular interest. On the 3d the House of Assembly was prorogued; previous to which the Governor, Hon. S. R. Chapman, delivered a speech, in which he congratulated the Members on the effective manner in which they had carried into operation the new Slave Act. The papers state that there had been considerable difficulty throughout the West-India Islands, in consequence of the slaves misunderstanding the new law. Energetic measures, however, had been taken, and the slaves, under their new title of apprentices, had returned to their accustomed toils.

IRISH CATHOLICS.—From a statistical account lately drawn up, it appears that the number of Roman Catholics in Ireland is six millions, of Protestant Episcopalians about six hundred thousand. The number of the clergy is as follows: about six thousand of the Roman Catholic Church; two thousand of the Church of England, and eight hundred of other denominations; making in all about nine thousand six hundred ministers of religion for a population of eight millions.

THE PATRONS OF THE RHODE ISLAND REPUBLICAN are respectfully informed that an entire new and beautiful type has been procured, and that the publication of the Republican will be resumed as soon as the necessary preparations are completed. The paper is to be enlarged, and the appearance of the sheet much improved. It will positively appear on Wednesday the 15th inst., if possible a week earlier.

THE PUBLISHER.

BRIGHTON MARKET, Monday, Sept. 2 (Reported for the Boston Advertiser & Patriot). At Market, 700 Beef Cattle, 1400 Stores, 400 sheep, and 1250 Swine. PORK.—Beef Cattle.—Beef Cattle generally were not of so good a quality as they were last week, but sales were quick and prices fully supported. We quote prime at 4 7/8 and 4 5/8; good 4 2/8 and 4 5/8; thin at 3 2/8 and 3 7/8. Stores.—Yearlings \$5 a 9; two years old \$9 a 15; three years old \$19 a 25. Cows and Calves.—Sales \$20, 24, 27 & 30. Sheep.—Lots of ordinary at \$1 3/4; a 1 4/2; milking at 1 5/8, 1 6/2, 1 7/5, and \$2; better qualities at \$2 1/2, 2 5/8 and 2 7/5, including many Weathers. Swine.—A few lots of old Swine, a part of which were Sows at 1 1/4, also several hundred shoats in lots, half barrows at 1 1/4; at retail 1 1/2 for sows and 1 1/2 for barrows.

(From the Boston Courier.) Prices of WOOL at Boston, Sept. 2.—Prime or Saxony Fleeces 60 a 65 cents per lb.; American full blood washed wool 50 to 55 cts.; do 3-4 do. 45 to 50; 1-2 do. 38 to 42; 1-4 do. 32 to 35; superfine pulled lambs, 50 to 55; 1st sort, 42 to 45; 2d do. 30 to 35; 3d do. 23 to 25; spinning 1st sort, 45 to 50 cts. per lb. WOOL.—The sales during the week have been confined to such lots as have been required to supply the immediate wants of manufacturers; the entire sales fleece and pulled will not exceed 25,000; prices without much change; the stock of pulled Wool is very limited; of fleeces there is a fair supply, but the quantity in market is unusually small for the season of the year.

MARRIED.

In this town, on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Dowling, Mr. George W. Seaman, of Providence, to Miss Susan H. Motton, daughter of Mr. William Motton, of this town.

Same evening, by the Rev. Mr. Dowling, Mr. Richard F. Dunham, to Miss Mary Brownell, daughter of the late Mr. Sylvester Brownell, both of this town.

On Monday morning last, by the Rev. Mr. Wheaton, Mr. William H. K. Dubois, printer, of New-York, to Miss Maria P. Mumford, daughter of the late Mr. Thomas H. Mumford of this town.

At Portsmouth, on Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. Toby, Mr. Levi Chase, to Miss Mary Potter, all of that place.

DIED.

In this on Monday last, (at the Asylum Mrs. Patience Hicks, widow of the late Mr. Robert W. Hicks, aged 88 years.

At Middletown, yesterday morning of apoplexy, Mrs. Sarah Taggart, in the 90th year of her age. Funeral this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence of her son Wm. Taggart, which her friends and relatives are requested to attend without further notice.

At Swansey, (Mass.) on the 24th ult. Mrs. Lydia Barker, wife of Mr. Elijah Barker, and daughter of 1000 Sandford, Esq. of Middle-town, aged 39 years.

At the White Sulphur Springs (Va.) on the 14th inst. Capt. Silas E. Duncan, of the U. S. Navy, an officer of acknowledged merit. He was a native of New Jersey.

In this town, on Thursday morning last, it being the day on which she completed sixty five years of her earthly pilgrimage, departed this life, Mrs. FRANCES WOODMAN, widow of the late Mr. Job Woodman and only child of the late Rev. and venerable Gardner Thurston who for fifty years was Pastor of the second Baptist Church in this town. Mrs. Woodman was for thirty years an estimable, pious and truly exemplary member of the second Baptist Church—her religion manifested itself not in words but in deeds—her christianity shone conspicuous in her exact and scrupulous conformity to the precepts of her divine Master—her humility, her meekness, and discreet deportment were such, as to lead all who were conversant with her, as far as example could influence, to the conclusion, that religion was an important a solemn reality, and that in death nothing is great, but true and undissolved religion—for in the closing scene of life, she experienced that peace and tranquility of soul which the world cannot give or take away—expressing her confidence in an happy exchange of world, by adopting the animating assurance of an eminent apostle "I know in whom I have believed," may her example be rendered more impressive by her death, and lead many to the solemn reflection, that this is not their abiding place, and in earnest to seek a better inheritance, even an heavenly. Her friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend her funeral at 2 o'clock this afternoon from her late residence in Thames Street.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

1834.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water.	Moon rises.
OCTOBER.				
4 Saturday,	6 16	5 44	8 46	6 57
5 Sunday,	6 17	5 43	9 4	7 31
6 Monday,	6 19	5 41	8 46	8 10
7 Tuesday,	6 20	5 40	10 26	8 55
8 Wednesday,	6 22	5 38	11 14	9 47
9 Thursday,	6 23	5 37	12 00	10 46
10 Friday,	6 25	5 35	1 22	11 40

Moon first quarter 9th day, 11h. hour 15 minutes in the morning.

Ship News.

PORT OF NEWPORT, ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, Sept. 27.—Schr. Frank, Wiley from New Haven for Boston.
Schr. Louisa, Macomber, from New-Bedford for Baltimore.
Schr. Ocean, Cozens, from Bangor.
Sloop Fane, Folger, from Nantucket for Providence.

MONDAY, Sept. 29.—Sloop Morning Star, Rogers, from Sag Harbor.

TUESDAY, Sept. 30.—Brig William Phinney, from Sandwich, for N. York.
Schr. Eliza & Betsey, from Duxbury, for Albany.

Schr. Enterprise, Barlow, from Sandwich.
Schr. Superior, Barlow, from Sandwich.
Schr. Julia Ann, Van, from Sullivan, Me.
Sloop Emma & Eliza, Handy, from Rochester.

Sloop Hiram, West, from Riverhead.
Sloop Georgiana, Phinney, from Sandwich.
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 1.—Schr. Hunter, Foster from N. Bedford for N. York.

Schr. Mary, Foster, from Machias for N. Y.
Schr. Banner, Kitter, from Machias for N. Y.
Schr. Superior, Ray, from Lubec for N. Y.
Schr. Caroline, Brown, from Lubec for N. Y.

Schr. Eagle, Levitt, from Marblehead for N. York.
Schr. Victor, Atwood, from Boston for Albany.

Schr. Tremont, Read, from Boston for New York.
Schr. Orleans, Chase, from Boston, for New York.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

The Brig Clito, Howard, of this port for N. Orleans, and sloop Kingston, Burdick, for this port, sailed from the Havana on the 22d Sept.
Ship Mount Hope, Ross, of this port from Liverpool, arrived at New York on Thursday last, with 132 steerage passengers.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Administrator on the Estate of JONATHAN SMITH, late of Middletown, yeoman deceased, and having given bonds as the law directs, he therefore requests all persons having any demands, to present the same for settlement, and those indebted, to make immediate payment to WILLIAM TAGGART, Adm'r. Middletown October 4. 1834.

FOR SALE.

PEW No. 96 in Trinity Church, and also No. 14 in the Gallery of said Church.—Likewise A fine toned Piano. For terms apply to S. A. ROBINSON. Newport Oct. 4.

NOTICE.

THE STREET COMMISSIONERS hereby give notice, that the Side-walks in front of the following Estates, will be LET at Public Auction, to the lowest bidder, on MONDAY, the 13th of October next, viz:—
The front of the Estate of Latham Thurston, dec.—Do. the Ferguson Estate.—Do. Estate of Andrew V. Allee, dec.—Do. estate of Widow of Joseph Thurston.—Do. Estate of Mrs. Mumford.—The Kelley Estate.—Estate of Mrs. Wickham.—Estate of Mrs. Dyre.—Estate of Mrs. Kask.—The Jeffers Estate.—Estate of Eliza Simmons.
A. S. COB, Street Commissioner.
RUSSELL CLARKE, Commis-
DAVID BRAYMAN, }
Newport, Sept. 30, 1834.

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post Office, New-Port, R. I. September 30th, 1834.

If Persons calling for them, will please say "advertised," as they are placed in a separate box.

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| John M. Austin | Ambrose S. Page |
| James Albrow, 3 | Thatcher T. Payne |
| Miss E. M. Almy | Mary Peeters |
| Catherine Allen | Christopher Rhodes |
| William Brunson | Thomas Robie |
| Messrs Baxter & Rug-
gles | William Rounds |
| Seth Bateman | Lucinda Sanders |
| Smith Borsworth | Mrs. A. M. Springer |
| Mr. Barnitt | Daniel B. Smith |
| Mrs. Samuel Banon | Charles Spalding |
| Mrs. Mary Ann Brown | Gideon C. Smith |
| Miss Julia A. Blanch-
ard | Hezekiah Smith, 2 |
| Elizabeth C. Burdick | Isaac Stall |
| Caroline Brewster | Henry Shaw |
| Louisa T. Brown | Robert Sherman |
| James Clarke | Levi Tower |
| Edward H. Center | Mr. V. E. Tredwell |
| Richard Clarke | Miss Turner |
| Thomas Crowson | Miss Sarah C. Tuck-
erman |
| Daniel M. Cox | Messrs Welch & Mac-
omber |
| John T. Daw | Job B. Wilbour |
| Frances Callender, 2 | William G. Wall |
| George Danforth | Mrs. Elizabeth Wat-
son |
| Y. Gilbert | Mary Ann B. White |
| George A. Gray | Joseph Vener |
| Lyntha Gardner | John Vaughan |
| Phoebe Gladding | Middletown. |
| Elias Horry, 5 | Isaac Brown |
| James Hammond | Daniel Cook |
| Stephen Harris | Timothy Peckham |
| J. J. Clarke Hare, 2 | John Peckham |
| Mrs. T. B. Holmes | Sally Smith |
| Capt. Charles Logies, 2 | Jamestown. |
| Lucy Ann Ingols | George Anthony |
| Daniel Jackson | John Weeden |
| Capt. Barr Knapp | Ann Eliza Weeden |
| John Lawton | Ipsch. |
| James Love | William Salmon |
| Mr. Leicester | John Ryne |
| Joshua Murren | John Casey |
| Miss Ann McIntosh | John Fleming |
| Sarah Mowry | Bernard Jordan |
| Harriet A. Milkin | Michael Mahan |
| Abigail Mitchell | James Murphy |
| Joanna Mitchell | Daniel O. Sullivan |
| Gideon Olney | Wm. T. Totts |
| John Palmer | |
| John C. Palmer | |

R. R. CARR, Post-Master.

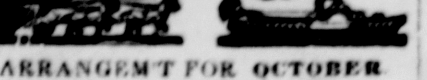
MY EVENING SCHOOL, com-
menced on Monday evening last.

L. TREVETT.

Newport Oct. 4.

New York and Boston Steam
Boat Company

Fare from NEWPORT, \$5 and found.



ARRANGEMENT FOR OCTOBER

MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, AND FRIDAYS.

THE splendid Steam-Packets PRES-
IDENT, Capt. E. S. BUCKER, and
BENJ. FRANKLIN, Capt. R. B. COLE-
MAN, will leave on the following days:

PRESIDENT.
Leaves Providence, Leaves New-York.
Friday, Oct. 3 Wednesday, Oct. 1

Wednesday, 8 Monday, 6
Monday, 13 Friday, 10
Friday, 17 Wednesday, 15
Wednesday, 22 Monday, 20
Monday, 27 Friday, 24
Friday, 31 Wednesday, 29

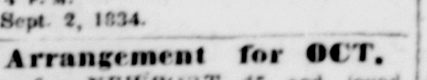
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.
Leaves Providence, Leaves New-York.
Wednesday, Oct. 1 Friday, 3
Monday, 6 Wednesday, 8
Friday, 10 Monday, 13
Wednesday, 15 Friday, 17
Monday, 20 Wednesday, 22
Friday, 24 Monday, 27
Wednesday, 29 Friday, 31

The Boats will leave Providence at 12 M. Newport at 2 P. M. and New-York at 4 P. M.

Sept. 2, 1834.

Arrangement for OCT.

Fare from NEWPORT, \$5, and found.



THE Steamer BOSTON, Capt. Wm Comstock, and the Steamer PRO-
VIDENCE, Capt. SETH TRAYER, will
continue running in the following order.

PROVIDENCE.
Leaves Providence, Leaves New-York.
Saturday, Oct. 4 Tuesday, Oct. 2

Thursday, 19 Tuesday, 17
Tuesday, 14 Saturday, 12
Saturday, 18 Thursday, 16
Thursday, 23 Tuesday, 21
Tuesday, 28 Saturday, 25
Saturday, 30 Thursday, 28

BOSTON.

Leaves Providence, Leaves New-York.
Thursday, Oct. 2 Saturday, 4
Tuesday, 7 Thursday, 9
Saturday, 11 Tuesday, 14
Thursday, 16 Saturday, 18
Tuesday, 21 Thursday, 23
Saturday, 25 Tuesday, 28
Thursday, 30 Saturday, 30

The Boats will leave Providence at 12 o'clock M.; Newport at 2 P. M.; and New-York at 4 P. M.—The above Boats are propelled by low pressure Engines, and heavy copper boilers.

Sept. 2, 1834.

FARM, FOR SALE.

THE FARM, next adjoining the South-west end of the Island, about 3 miles from the compact part of the Town, containing Three Hundred and Four Acres of land, with a large and convenient two-story Dwelling-House, containing 4 rooms on the lower floor, one of which is 15 by 17 feet, and two of 17 by 20; five chambers on the 2d story, and a large Barn, cheds, ice house, &c. &c.—It has an excellent sea weed privilege, is bounded on the west by the entrance of the Harbor, which affords fine fishing ground, &c.—For terms, apply to S. E. GARDNER. Newport, Sept. 6.

AUCTIONS.

On MONDAY, October 6th,
At 11 o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auc-
tion on the premises, (if fair, at not
the first fair day after.)

ALL the right, title and interest,
which PETER D. DEAN, late of the
town and county of Newport, at the time
of his decease, had in and to a certain
Lot of Land, with a Building thereon
standing, situate in said Newport, and
bounded as follows, viz:—Northerly on
Poplar street, easterly on Thames st.
southerly on land of G. W. Ellery, and
westerly on Cross street.—Conditions
made known at the time and place of
Sale. GEORGE C. MASON, Adm'r.
Newport, Sept. 5, 1834.

FOR SALE.

A FARM in Middletown,
pleasantly situated on the
Western shore of the Island,
about 5 miles from Newport,
formerly known as the Baring Place, con-
taining 73 Acres of good land, well watered
with never failing springs, divided into
about 12 lots by good stone walls, with an
extensive orchard, and a valuable privilege
for sea manure.—A large, handsome two-
story dwelling house; a barn 40 feet by 30
nearly new; stable and suitable out build-
ings, all in good repair.
The Estate is well known as one of the
most delightful on the Island, the grounds
near the House being ornamented with
fruit trees, locusts and sycamores, and well
adapted for embellishments or pleasure
grounds. For terms and further particu-
ars, enquire of
GEO. A. GRAY, on the premises, or
Wm. G. HAMMOND, in New-York
Middletown, July 12, 1834.

MARSHALL'S NOTICE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—RHODE-
ISLAND DISTRICT, &c.



IN pursuance of a
Warrant from the
Hon. JOHN PIERCE,
Esq. Judge of the
District Court of the
U. S. for the District
of Rhode Island, I do
hereby give public
notice to all persons
concerned, that the following informations
are filed and allowed by said Judge, namely:
An information by William L. Wright,
Jeremiah M. Rose, Frederick E. Dodge,
Robert C. Mitchell, Samuel Wright, Job
Babcock, John Sheffield, John Rose, Gideon
D. Ball, Samuel Dodge, Noah Dodge, Na-
thaniel B. Paine, Abraham Miliken, Reva
Paine, George M. Wright, Elisha C.
Wright, Marlborough R. Littlefield, Caleb
W. Dodge, John W. Dodge, Oliver Dodge,
Jeremiah W. Clarke, Samuel W. Rose,
Elisha H. Coe, James D. Mitchell, Aaron
Dodge, and Frederick M. Rose, all of New
Shoreham, in the District of Rhode-Island,
claiming a salvage against a certain Schr.
called the South-America of New-York,
— Cook, master, with her tackle, apparel,
furniture and boats, together with her cargo
consisting of Rice, fish, pork, butter, lard,
onions, and iron machinery for a Sugar mill,
and a quantity of Grindstones.—And that a
trial will be had on said information, at a
District Court to be holden at the Court-
house in Newport on the third Tuesday of
October next.

BURRINGTON ANTHONY, Marshal
of R. I. District.
Providence, Sept. 15, 1834.

Connecticut Lottery, class 11

DRAWN THIS DAY.
\$15,000 Highest Prize.
Tickets \$5.—Parts in proportion.

Connect. Lottery, class 53

DRAWN ON MONDAY.
\$8,000 highest Prize.
Tickets \$2.—parts in proportion.

FOR TICKETS AND PARTS,
Apply at the Old Truly Fortunate Office
J. C. SHAW.
Newport, Sept. 27.

Connect. Lottery, class 11

DRAWN THIS DAY.
\$15,000 Highest Prize,
Tickets \$5.—Parts in proportion.

Connect. Lottery, class 53

DRAWN ON MONDAY.
\$8,000 Highest Prize.
Tickets \$2. parts in proportion.

Connecti Lottery, class 67

DRAWN ON TUESDAY
\$3,000 Highest Prize.
Tickets \$1. parts in proportion.

TICKETS AND PARTS.
May be had at the Lottery Office at
C. R. CAHOONE.
Newport, Oct. 4.

LIST of Combination Numbers.

drawn in
Connect. Lottery, No. 52.
62 4 16 7 5 59 47 58 41 42
Connecticut Lottery, No. 65.
22 32 13 10 52 3 39 60 27
Connect. Lottery, class 68.
50 6 45 48 35 31 47 10 19
Newport, Oct. 4.

Newport Brewery.

THE Subscribers having taken the Agency of the BREWERY, for the delivery of Mr. Thomas Evans, will have equal satisfaction in the 13th inst. Brown Ale, of superior quality, in Hops, Bids, half bids, or kegs which will be sold on the most accommodating terms. All orders sent to the undersigned, will have immediate attention, and be promptly executed.

HENRY WOOD.

N. B.—Yeast can be had at all times, and Grains and meal, daily, Thursday, and Saturday, in the afternoon, at 8 cents per bushel.

Newport, Sept. 7.

Morrison's Hygeian

VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINE

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That BAKER, Young having given assurance of his conviction in the Hygeian theory of Physiology, as revealed by the British College of Health, London; and having furnished the necessary security against counterfeits, is appointed Sole Agent for vending the HYGEIAN VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINE, AND PUBLICATIONS, in and for the State of Rhode Island.

In confirmation whereof I have this fourth day of January, 1834, set my hand.

H. SHEPARDMOAT.

Sole General Hygeian Agent for the U. S. of Rhode Island, Providence, R. I.

This is to certify, that I have appointed the following gent. as Agents for vending Morrison's Hygeian Universal Medicine in this State, to wit:—Mr. Daniel H. Foster of Warren, Mr. David Melville, of Newport Messrs. George Hammond & Co. Wickford—Mr. Jefferson L. Kimball, Coventry and James H. Pease, in East Greenwich.

May 4, 1833. SAMUEL YOUNG.

The Subscribers being appointed Sole Agents for vending MORRISON'S HYGEIAN UNIVERSAL MEDICINE, for the State of Rhode Island, hereby give notice, that to other person will be authorized to vend said Medicines in this city; but for the accommodation of the public, I have appointed agents in different parts of the State, and to guard the public against impositions, they may be assured, that should any Medicines be offered for sale in this State, purporting to be Morrison's Hygeian Universal Medicines, by any person except myself, or my authorized agents, that they will be counterfeits.

SAMUEL YOUNG.

No. 107, Westminster-street.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As some unprincipled pretenses in this, and other States, are imposing on the public, by vending spurious articles, purporting to be Morrison's Hygeian Universal Medicine, of the British College of Health, London, by which numerous pretenses, they not only demand the public's money, but jeopardize not only their health, but the lives of the credulous who are made dupes of their impostures. And in order to counteract the mischief in practice of those unprincipled pretenses, his is to give notice that a new label is attached to each and every package of the genuine Pills, which must be signed by every State agent, and signed by a sub-agent, when sold by him, and signed by pills be offered for sale in this State, purporting to be Morrison's Hygeian Universal Medicine, of the British College of Health, London, without my signature, and the signature of a sub-agent, when sold by him, that they will be counterfeits, and the public are respectfully requested to preserve the label on each box, in order to detect impostures.

SAMUEL YOUNG.

March 21. Agent for the State of R. I.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers hereby give notice, that they have been duly appointed, and taken upon them, by the first of Executors to the last Will and Testament of

JOSHUA PECKHAM, ESQ.

late of Newport, deceased, by giving bonds as the law directs; they therefore request all persons who are indebted to the said deceased's Estate to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to

PHILIP PECKHAM, Administrator.

THOMAS J. PECKHAM, Newport

Newport, June 6, 1834.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

For the Newport and Boston Mail Stage, Via Fall River and Taunton.

FARE TO BOSTON, 83.

PAVES TOWNSEND'S Office, House New, 1st and 2nd stages, Sunday excepted, at 7 o'clock A. M. time in Taunton at 1 o'clock, arrive in Boston at 7 o'clock P. M. Leaves Weymouth, Taunton, and Boston, every day, Sunday excepted, at 7 o'clock A. M. time in Taunton at 1 o'clock, arrive in Newport at 7 o'clock P. M. Fare through 83.

Persons wishing to go to Plymouth, are informed that they can go by this Line on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and arrive in Plymouth at 6 o'clock P. M. Leaves Plymouth Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 o'clock A. M. and arrives in Newport at 7 o'clock P. M. Fare 84.

This Stage is connected with the New Red Mail Stage at Fall River. Leaves Fall River every day, Sunday excepted, and arrives in New Bedford at 11 o'clock A. M. Leaves New Bedford every day, Sunday excepted, at 11 o'clock A. M. Fare 84.

Persons wishing to go to Fall River, can have 6 hours in Fall River, and return same evening.

Peter Coaches furnished at all times, and on reasonable terms.

All baggage and small parcels, at the risk of the owner, thereon.

H. B. KINSLEY, Agent.

Newport, July 19, 1834.

All Persons having demands against the Subscribers will please to render the same on or before the 10th of Sept.

J. A. GRACE.

Newport, August 23.

SHEET ZINC.

For the Roofs of Buildings.

THE Subscribers, as Agents for CROCKER, PROTHERS & Co. of Taunton, will contract to furnish the above article at short notice, in such quantities as are wanted, and give the buyer any useful information—a specimen of the kind of covering may be seen at Mr. S. BELL's new Stone building, Broad Street.—Apply to

GEORGE ENGS & Co.

Newport, August 9.

LEATHER AGENCY

J. C. SHAW informs the Public, that he has opened a Store for the sale of New York and Philadelphia LEATHER, of various qualities, consisting of Slaughter and Spanish Sole, hemlock and oak tan, from inferior and first priced, to the first quality—and will keep a constant supply on hand, and sell for Cash, or approved Notes payable at Bank, at the lowest fair prices.

Dealers and Manufacturers in this important article in Town and Country, may do well to call and judge for themselves.

J. C. SHAW, Agent.

Newport, August 30.

BEDS & MATTRESSES.

ALFRED BARKER

At No. 62, Thames-street, four doors N. E. of the Bank of Rhode Island.

ALFRED constantly for Sale, a good Assortment of Feather BEDS, with curled hair, cotton and straw Mattresses, as cheap as can be purchased in New York, Boston, or this State, of equal quality.

Also for Sale, American and Russia goose and fowl Feathers, N. B.—Down and feather Beds, Mattresses and Cushions, of any description made to order, at short notice.

Newport, July 12.

ZION CHURCH.

THE PEWS in Zion Church, which are not yet sold or rented, may be purchased or hired, on application to either of the Committee for the sale of PEWS.

Stephen T. Norcross, Samuel Whitehouse, George Knowles, Jacob Smith, Charles H. Memford, Wm. C. Cozzens, Committee for the Sale of PEWS.

Newport, June 28.

TO LET

And Possession given on the 1st of June.

HAT pleasantly situated Estate, the South part of Thames-street, formerly owned by Capt. Robert Robinson, and now occupied by C. D. Wolfe, Esq.—The premises consists of a large convenient Dwelling House, Garden, stable, &c.—For terms, apply to

ROBINSON POTTER.

Newport, May 3.

FOR SALE.

THE Estate of the Sub-scriber, situated in Washington-street.—The premises consists of an ample Lot, with extensive water and wharf privilege; a garden, large yard, outfalling well of excellent water, and a commodious Dwelling House of acknowledged superiority of structure, in perfect repair.

The water Lot extends to the channel, and was formerly the site of a wharf extending to a high water 400 feet, with 6 blocks of stores of 30 feet in length each. The situation is equally eligible for a gentleman who is merely desirous of enjoying the advantages of our summer climate, sea bathing, &c. or of one who looks upon a merchant, for a situation for the conducting wharfing, or other similar business. As to sea bathing, it affords every convenience, and has every benefit pure ocean water, without the anger and inconvenience of surf.

For terms, &c. which will be liberal but definite, apply on the premises to

WILLIAM HUNTER.

Newport, July 6.

FOR SALE.

HAT well-known Farm, called the Malbone Garden, situated one mile from the State-House in Newport, containing about 140 Acres, with a valuable privilege for sea manure, and a great variety of fruit trees;—it is well watered with never failing springs.—The Garden is too well known to need a more particular description.—For further information, enquire of DAVID BAXTER, near the premises, or of the Subscribers at Nantucket.

DAVID BAXTER, PAUL WEST.

July 20, 1833.

FOR SALE.

WHAT Valuable and pleasant ESTATE on the Point, formerly the residence of Capt. Chris. R. Perry, dec.—If not previously disposed of at private sale, the same will be sold at Public Auction, on the 20th day of October next, at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises.—For terms, &c. apply to

GEORGE TURNER

Newport, August 9.

FOR SALE.

WHAT Valuable and pleasant ESTATE on the Point, formerly the residence of Capt. Chris. R. Perry, dec.—If not previously disposed of at private sale, the same will be sold at Public Auction, on the 20th day of October next, at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises.—For terms, &c. apply to

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GEORGE TURNER

Newport, August 9.

New Spring Goods.

Edward F. Newton,

Has received This Day,

A RICH AND EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Fashionable DRY GOODS

Adapted to the approaching Season, which will be sold on very liberal terms. Newport, Saturday, April 12.

Wm J. Tilley,

HAS THE FOLLOWING BONNETS

ALWAYS ON HAND

CLEAR TUSCAN,

French Gimp,

Leghorn and Tuscan.

Tuscan and Eleven Brade,

Nice eleven brade Boxford,

LEGHORN.

W. J. T. has just opened, More of these nice and cheap Randolph Cottons.

JOHN W. DAVIS

Sign of the BIG BOOT 160 Thames-st.

INTENDS keeping a general Assortment of

Boots and Shoes,

of every description and

price.—He hopes to receive equal encouragement from his patrons, as here tofore.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Of every kind; made to measure of the best materials, and substantial work—

& particular attention paid to repairing

Newport, April 6

New Tin and Sheet Iron

Manufactory.

ANTHONY P. SHAW,

WOULD inform the inhabitants of Newport and vicinity, that he has taken the Store 2 doors south of the Brick market, in Thames-st, where he intends to carry on the above business in all its various branches, having been to a great expense, in procuring the most approved patent tools for manufacturing tin and sheet iron ware, and having had upwards of eight years experience in business, flatters himself that he will be able to execute any jobs which may come under the line of his profession, in a style that will give general satisfaction to all those who may favor him with their patronage. He also keeps on hand, a large and extensive assortment of tin and Britannia wares, comprising almost every article called for in a tin ware store.

Also, an assorted lot of tin and soap stone furnaces, all of which will be sold at a small advance from cost, for cash, or approved credit. He is also acquainted with making Factory work, such as rollers, cans, guides, &c.

Newport, August 16

Boarding-House.

THE Subscribers has taken the spacious House in Thames-street, recently occupied by the late Postmaster, R. B. Cranston, Esq. a few doors south of Townsend's Coffee-House, where he has opened a General Boarding House, and will be happy to accommodate those who may wish for fair board—particularly steady Boarders—on moderate terms.

A few more Boarders can be accommodated.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN.

Newport, August 16.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers hereby gives notice That he has been duly appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator on the Estate of

CAPT. JOHN CONGDON,

late of Newport, mariner, dec. by giving bonds as the law directs;—he therefore requests all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to

WILLETT CARLETER, Adm'r.

With the Will annexed.

North Kingstown, August 13, 1834.

THE Subscribers

having been duly appointed Executors to the last Will and Testament of

SARAH FREEBODY,

late of Newport, deceased, request all persons having demands against said Estate, to present them for settlement, and those indebted, to make immediate payment to

GEORGE ENGS, ROBERT CARR, } Executors

GEORGE BOWEN.

Newport, August 9, 1834.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners on the Estate of Col. HENRY SHEPHERD, late of Newport, dec. give notice that they will hold their final meeting to decide on Claims, at the Store of SAMUEL BARKER, on Saturday, Sept 27th, at 7 o'clock P. M.

JOHN STEVENS, SAMUEL BARKER, } Comm'rs.

JOHN V. HAMMETT

Newport, August 23

APPLICANTS.

FOR PEWS in the Spring Street Church, will please call on Mr. Guild, who has charge of the pew, now remaining unoccupied.

By order of the Committee,

S. CARBONE, Sec'y.

Newport, August 9.

N E W

SPRING GOODS;

APRIL 26, 1834

WM. C. COZZENS, & Co

OPENED ON MONDAY LAST.

THEIR additional supply of SEIZE

patterns—desirable DRY GOODS,

selected with great care during the past

week in New-York—consisting of a very

extensive variety of every article in demand, to which they respectfully invite

the attention of Purchasers, assuring them

that the prices will be as low, (as Goods

of equal quality) can be found in this town.

THEIR CARPETING ROOM,

Has also been replenished with a handsome

selection of Fine, Superfine, Ingrain and

Canvas CARPETINGS.—Tiled and

Brussels Hearth Rugs—Printed Bookings,

&c. &c. making as fine an Assortment as

can be found in the State, and as low.

A L S O,

10 Pieces 4-4 Straw MATTING,

10 do. 5-4 do. do.

6 do. 6-4 do. do.

Bought at Auction in New-York, last

week, and will be sold at a very low price.

Those who are in want of a cheap covering

for their floors, will do well to call.

Grocery Store.

S. A. ROBINSON.

Has just received, and offers for Sale

AT THE STORE IN THE

Merchant's Bank Building

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries,

Wines,—Brandy, Sack, Tene

rich Canary, very and sweet Malaga

brown Sherry, Port, Claret, Roussillon

and Champagne.

Liquors,—BRANDY, Oatmeal and

Dupuy's Sake,—Rum, Old Jamaica,

St. John's, &c.—Gin, Holland & Country.

Teas,—Hyson, Young Hyson, Hy-

son white and green; St. Croix; land lump

and crystallized.—Coffee, Cuba, St.

Domingo, old Java, Laguira, and Porto

Rico.—RAISINS, Keg and Box

Nutmegs, cloves, cinnamon, citron,

pimento, pepper, currants, almonds,

starch, soap, indigo, mustard, chocolate,

prunes, olives, capers, anchovies, ginger,

cheese, rice, beans, soda and butter

crackers, &c. &c.

Lordard's, macabean, rappee, and

scotch snuff, and P. A. L. Tobacco—

Mrs. G. B. Miller's fine cut tobacco

and Virginia, cavendish, ladies twist and

head Tobacco.

Newport, May 12.

Sugars, &c.

10 Boxes Extra Fancy SUGAR

15 Bbls. Country GIN.

5 Barrels Domestic Brandy,

10 Bbls. New York Letter Crackers,

5 Casks RICE—7 Bags COFFEE.

For Sale by

S. A. ROBINSON.

Newport March 29.

BEEF; PORK, &c.

250 Bbls. Boston Beef

50 half barrels do. do.

550 Boxes mould Candles, 6s, 8s, and

10s. of a superior quality.

40 Bbls. Prime Pork

15 Bbls. Retailing Molasses.

1000 gallons Fall Spum Oil.

Casks of White Beans.

12 Boxes Havana Brown Sugar,

And other Goods, all which are for sale

in parcels to accommodate by

JOSHUA SAYER.

Newport, Dec. 28.

THE Subscribers

having received, under

the direction of the Supreme Judicial

Court, from JAMES R. WEAVER and PHILIP

A. SLADE, both of Newport, Manufacturers,

an Assignment of all their property in trust

for the benefit of their Creditors, hereby give

notice that all claims against the said J. W. R.

or Philip A. Slade must be presented

within six months from this date, or they will

be barred from any Dividend as said Es-

tates.

ELFAZER TREVETT, Assignee.

New